

# EU and Gov. Vocab 2b

The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying an e-learning page. The page header includes the logo of Slezská univerzita v Opavě and the text 'ELEARNING Pro studium Podpora IT Všechny kurzy Čeština (cs) Veronika Woznicová'. The main content area is a two-column table of English terms and their Czech equivalents. The left column lists terms like 'deputy prime minister', 'minister/secretary (USA + GB)', 'ministerial', 'ministerial post', 'ministry/department', 'the supreme body', 'the supreme legislative body', 'the executive branch', 'vote/voting', 'vote to take a vote', 'vote for sb/sth', and 'vote against sb/sth'. The right column provides detailed Czech explanations for these terms, including 'vicepremiér', 'ministr', 'ministrský', 'ministrské křeslo', 'ministrstvo', 'nejvyšší orgán zákonodárný orgán', 'výkonná složka', 'hlasování', 'hlasovat', 'hlasovat pro', and 'hlasovat proti'. A third column on the right contains a detailed paragraph in English explaining the structure of the government, mentioning the 'supreme body of the executive branch', 'Chamber of Deputies', 'lower house of parliament', 'Senate', and 'proportional representation'.

This screenshot shows a similar view of the e-learning page, but with a different layout. The left sidebar now includes a 'NAVIGACE' section with a list of course titles: 'Titulní stránka', 'Nástěnka', 'Hlavní nabídka', and 'Moje kurzy'. Under 'Moje kurzy', several course codes are listed, including 'LS-2023-UIINK48, UIIMOIBK054', 'LS-2023-UIIMOIBK053, UIINK47', 'LS-2023-UIINK09, UIIMOIBK036', and 'LS-2023-UCJANGBP54, UIIABP0048, UCJAOPBP3'. The main content area is a two-column table of English terms and their Czech equivalents. The left column lists terms like 'vote by a show of hands/vote by acclamation (AmE)', 'accountable for sth to sb', 'call sb to account', 'the Chamber of Deputies', 'the lower house', 'the upper house', 'two-chamber/bicameral system', 'the Senate', 'senator', 'proportional representation', 'two-round majority system', 'seat', 're-election', 'election', 'elect', 'electable', 'elector', 'vote of confidence', 'abstain from voting', 'vote', and 'voter'. The right column provides detailed Czech explanations for these terms, including 'hlasovat aklamací', 'zodpovědný za', 'volat koho k zodpovědnosti', 'poslanecká sněmovna', 'dolní komora parlamentu', 'horní komora parlamentu', 'dvoukomorový parlamentní systém', 'senát', 'senátor', 'poměrné zastoupení', 'dvoukolový většinový systém', 'křeslo (poslanecké, senátorské)', 'znovuzvolení', 'volby', 'volit', 'volitelný', 'volič', 'hlasování o důvěře', 'zdržet se hlasování', 'hlasovat', 'volič', and 'vyjádřit nedůvěru'. A third column on the right contains a detailed paragraph in English explaining the structure of the government, mentioning 'proportional representation', 'The Senate has 81 members elected for a six-year term on the basis of a two-round majority system', 'Every two years, one-third of the Senate's seats come up for re-election', 'The government has the right to ask the Chamber of Deputies for a vote of confidence, and the Chamber of Deputies may express non-confidence in the government.'