Choose the best words to complete the sentences.

1. "The website gets a thousand hits a week" means the website has a thousand _____ a week.

   a. sales   **b.** visits   **c.** search engine matches

2. The words, images and other material that make up a website are called _____.

   a. the contents   **b.** the content   **c.** the filling

3. Designs and drawings in websites are usually called _____.

   a. web pictures   **b.** web graphics   **c.** web illustrations

4. Moving pictures in websites are usually called _____.

   a. cartoons   **b.** movies   **c.** animations

5. Websites with sounds and/or video clips and/or animations have _____ content.

   a. multimedia   **b.** many-media   **c.** mixed-media

6. A space in a website where you enter information (address, password etc.) is called a _____.

   a. box   **b.** strip   **c.** field

7. A hyperlink (see 3.3) is often called just _____.

   a. a link   **b.** a hyper   **c.** an HL

8. In real time (see 3.4) means _____.

   a. during working hours   **b.** instantly   **c.** in British Standard Time

9. A place with computers for public internet use is usually called an internet café or _____. even if they don't serve coffee.

   a. web café   **b.** computer café   **c.** cyber café

10. Internet cafés offer internet _____.

    a. connection   **b.** availability   **c.** access

11. A program that adds functions to a browser (eg Shockwave) is called a _____.

    a. plug   **b.** plugged-in   **c.** plug-in

12. Temporary internet files are stored in the _____.

    a. cash   **b.** cache   **c.** cashe

13. Colours which all browsers can display without problems are called _____ colours.

    a. browser safe   **b.** browser acceptable   **c.** browser easy

3. 7 internet security

A. Choose the best words to go into each of the spaces.

1. A person who illegally accesses somebody else's computer over the internet is called a
_____.

      a. pirate   **b.** hack   **c.** hacker

2. A website which (in theory) cannot be accessed by a hacker is _____.
      a. strong   **b.** secure   **c.** clean

3. A website which can only be viewed by authorised people has _____ access.
      a. reduced   **b.** small   **c.** restricted

4. Unwanted advertising emails are popularly known as _____.
      a. meatloaf   **b.** spam   **c.** sausages

5. Software which blocks attempts by others to access your computer over the internet is called a
_____.

      a. firewall   **b.** fire blanket   **c.** fire engine

6. It's essential to _____ your anti-virus protection regularly.
      a. up-to-date   **b.** date   **c.** update

7. Anti-virus software can _____ your computer for viruses.
      a. detect   **b.** review   **c.** scan

8. Anti-virus software can also _____ viruses on removable media, such as floppy disks.
      a. detect   **b.** control   **c.** see

9. When your anti-virus software subscription _____...
      a. ends   **b.** stops   **c.** expires

10. ... it's a good idea to _____ it immediately.
      a. renew   **b.** renovate   **c.** replace

B. Match the malware with the damage. (It's not easy, and the terms are sometimes confused with each other.)

1. **virus**

a. collects and sends private information from the infected computer to a third party

2. **spyware**

b. an undesirable program which can replicate itself across a network

3. **trojan horse**

c. allows a hacker to access private information when he/she wishes

4. **keystroke logger** or **keylogger**

d. a program which adds itself to an executable file, and can cause considerable damage to the data on the infected computer

5. **worm**

e. records characters that are typed into a computer