

SCHOOL OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION IN KARVINA

MANAGERIAL ACCOUNTING

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OUTLINE OF THE LECTURE

1. Variance / Variations

Variance / Variations





 It expresses the difference between actual and planned quantities

Profit deviation (or economic results)



- In connection with the economic result, or we recognize the factors that influence the economic result:
 - Cost (expenses) variance
 - Sales (revenue) variance
- Derived from the calculation of the economic result (profit or loss)
- Economic results (ER) = revenues express or = sales - costs



- It expresses the difference between actual and planned quantities
- Cost variance
 - The difference between actual costs and planned costs
- Sales variance
 - The difference between actual sales and planned sales

Profit deviation (or economic results)



- In connection with the economic result, or we distinguish the factors that influence the economic result in a more detailed breakdown:
 - Variance of variable costs
 - Variance of fixed costs
 - Revenue (Sales) Variance

Profit deviation (or economic results)



- In connection with the economic result, or we recognize the factors that influence the economic result:
- Variable cost variance
 - Deviation of natural inputs (material-kg)
 - Price deviation of in-kind inputs (CZK/kg)
- Fixed cost variance
- Revenue (Sales) Variance
 - Deviation of the volume of products sold (pcs)
 - Sales price deviation (CZK/piece)



- Total Variance = Actual Quantities Planned Quantities
- Total Variance = Quantitative Deviation + Price Variance
- Quantitative deviation
 - (actual quantity planned quantity) * planned price
- Price variance
 - (actual price planned price) * actual quantity

Thank you for your attention.