Practice Exercises for Mathematical Logic

1.	p	q	~p	p^q	p∨q	$p \rightarrow q$
	Т	Т		Т	Т	Т
	T	F	F		Т	F
	F	Т	T	F		Т
	F	F	Т	F	F	

2.	p	q	~q	p^q	(p^q)→~q
		Т	F	T	F
	Т	F		F	Т
	F	Т	F		Т
	F	F	Т	F	

3.	X	y	$x \rightarrow y$	$y \rightarrow x$	$(x \rightarrow y) \land (y \rightarrow x)$	$x \leftrightarrow y$
	T	Т		T	T	T
	T	F	F		F	F
	F	Т	Т	F		F
	F	F	T	T	T	

Wh	ich of the following statements from problem 3 is conditional
	X
	y
	$x \leftrightarrow y$
	None of the above.
RE	SULTS BOX:

y	$x \to y$ $y \to x$ $x \leftrightarrow y$			
-	-	the above.		
RESU	ULTS I	BOX:		
a	b	$a \rightarrow b$	(a→b)^a	$[(a \rightarrow b) \land a] \rightarrow b$
T		Т	T	Т
T	F		F	Т
F	Т	Т		Т
F	F	Т	F	
The s	tateme Bicondi Fautolo Disjunc	nt in the las tional gy	est completes this sent column of the trut	entence: h table in problem 6 is a

8.	p	q	~q	p→~q	p^q	~(p^q)	$(p \rightarrow \sim q) \leftrightarrow [\sim (p \land q)]$
	Т	T	F		T	F	T
	Т	F	Т	T		T	T
	F	Т	Т	T	F		T
	F	F	T	T	F	T	

. W	hich two statements from problem 8 are logically equivalent?							
	$p \rightarrow \sim q$ and $p \land q$							
	None of the above.							
RI	ESULTS BOX:							
	Choose the word that best completes this sentence: The of two equivalent statements always yields a tautology							
	Biconditional							
	Conjunction							
	Negation							
	All of the above.							
RI	ESULTS BOX:							